

West Piedmont PDC Hazard Mitigation Plan 2021 Update

Mitigation Advisory Committee Workshop #2

Dewberry

April 20, 2021 / Virtual

AGENDA

Background

Project Schedule & TimelinePublic Outreach Strategy

Hazard ID & Risk Assessment

Mitigation Goals, Objectives & Strategies

Next Steps

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West Piedmont Hazard Mitigation Plan Update 2021 – MAC Workshop 04/20/21

Background



Authority & Goals

- Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 (amendments to Stafford Act of 1988)
- Encourage disaster preparedness
- Encourage hazard mitigation actions to reduce losses of life and property

HM Plans in Virginia

- Local plans updated every five years
- West Piedmont Multi-Jurisdictional Plan last updated in 2016
- Update needed to be eligible for FEMA HMA grants

HMGP



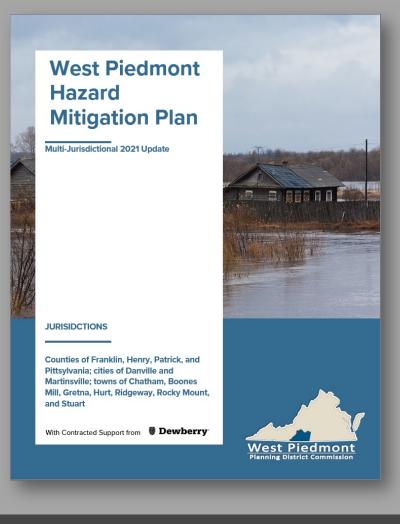




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Plan Components

- Planning Process Description
- Capability Assessment
- Hazard ID and Risk Assessment
- Vulnerability Analysis and Loss Estimations
- Hazard Mitigation Strategy
- Implementation Plan





Project Schedule & Timeline

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	D '20	J '21	F	Μ	A	Μ	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D
HM Plan Milestone	Kick-Off						Draft #1	Draft #2	Address	Comments	/ Revise	Final	
Review 2020 HMP													
Data Collection													
HIRA									R				
Capability Assessment									E				
Revise Goals + Objectives					-				Ì				
Mitigation Strategy Development					_				S E				
MAC Review / Input	MAC #1				MAC #2			MAC #3					
LPT Review / Input			LPT #1			LPT #2							
Public Engagement						Mtg #1		Mtg #2					
HMP Writing / Revising													
VDEM Review / Approval									+				
FEMA Review / Approval													
Plan Adoption, Approval Letters, Plan Distribution													

Project Schedule





Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA)

Purpose: Provide a factual basis for prioritizing hazard mitigation activities

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HIRA Components



Hazard Ranking



Hazard Profiles



Climate Change Impacts



Hazard History (Locations, Extents, Occurrences)



Vulnerability, Exposure, and Loss Estimations



Probability of Future Events



Potential Impacts



State HMP Integration

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2021 Changes to the Hazard ID and Risk Assessment

- Updated hazard ranking incorporating regional feedback
- New analyses, including:
 - HAZUS used for flood risk assessment
 - Dam inundation and pluvial flooding
 - Severe Weather included as new hazard section
- New maps based on updated data
- Climate change impacts in each hazard profile

Hazard Identification

West Piedmont's Natural Hazards



Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	WF: 0.10	WF: 0.20
Unlikely No documented occurrence with annual probability <0.01	Negligible 1 to 10% of people or property	Isolated < 5% of community impacted	Extended More than 3 days	Low
Somewhat Unlikely Infrequent occurrence with at least one documented event and annual probability between 0.5 and 0.01	Slight 10% to 20% of people or property	Minor 5 to 15% of community impacted	Slight 3 days	Medium-Low
Somewhat Likely Moderate occurrence with at least two documented events and annual probability between 0.5 and 0.01	Limited 20 to 30% of people or property	Small 15 to 25% of community impacted	Limited 2 days	Medium
Likely Frequent occurrence with at least three documented events and annual probability between 1 and 0.5	Critical 25 to 50% of people or property	Medium 25 to 50% of community impacted	Minimal 1 day	Medium-High
Highly Likely Common events with annual probability >1	Catastrophic > 50% of people or property	Large > 50% of community impacted	<mark>No Notice</mark> < 24 hours	High

Hazard Ranking Priority Criteria

Hazard Type	2016 Priority Level	2021 Priority Level
Flooding (with Shoreline Erosion)	High	High (Top)
→ Pluvial Flooding	Not Addressed	High (Top)
Winter Storms	High	High
Wind (Hurricane, Thunderstorms – 2016 only)	Medium-High	Medium-High
Severe Weather	Addressed in "Wind"	Medium-High
Drought	Medium-Low	Medium-Low
Wildfire	Medium	Medium
Tornado	Medium	Medium-High
Earthquake	Low	Medium-Low
Landslide	Low	Low
Dams (Impoundment Failure)	Medium-Low	Medium-Low
High Voltage Transmission (HVT) Lines	Medium	Medium
Organic/Inorganic Spills	Medium-High	Medium-High
Pipeline Failure	Medium	Medium
Agriterrorism	Medium-Low	Medium-Low

Hazard Ranking Priority Comparison

Natural

Human-Caused

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NCEI	> Storn	n Events	Database

Storm Events Database	Storm Events Database				
Data Access Search Bulk Data Download (CSV)	The Storm Events Database contains the record documenting:	ts used to create the official <u>NOAA Storm Data publicatio</u>			
Storm Data Publication Documentation	 The occurrence of storms and other signific loss of life, injuries, significant property dam 	ant weather phenomena having sufficient intensity to cau hage, and/or disruption to commerce;			
Database Details Version History Storm Data FAQ	 b. Rare, unusual, weather phenomena that generate media attention, such as snow flurries in South Florida or the San Diego coastal area; and c. Other significant meteorological events, such as record maximum or minimum temperatures or precipitation that occur in connection with another event. 				
NOAA's NWS Documentation Tornado EF Scale External Resources					
NOAA'S SPC Reports NOAA'S SPC WCM Page NOAA'S NWS Damage Assessment Toolkit NOAA'S Tsunami Database ESRIFEIMA Civil Air Patrol Images SHELDUS USDA Cause of Loss Data	National Weather Service (NWS). Due to chang- time, there are unique periods of record availabl reformating and standardization of event types: injuries, damage, narratives and any other even page for more information.	Lary 1950 to November 2020, as entered by NOAA's es in the data collection and processing procedures over le depending on the event type. NCEI has performed dat but has not changed any data values for locations, fatalit t specific information. Please refer to the <u>Database Detainant</u> elevent future information regarding access system downtimes.			
	data issues, new features and general news abo	out the Storm Events Database.			
Select State or Area All States and Areas 💙	or	tive Text Search			
Search	Text	Search [help and examples]			
a selected day and month range.	changed greatly over time. Please refer to the vers	se 'Any' as the year to search all years of the database for sion information page for detailed version information and			
release dates. If you have questi	Privacy Policy FOIA Information Quality Dis-				

FEMA List of Federally Declared Disasters

- Nature of disaster
- Type(s) of assistance provided



NOAA / National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) Storm Events Database

- Area Impacted
- Damages
- Description of event

Historical Disaster Databases

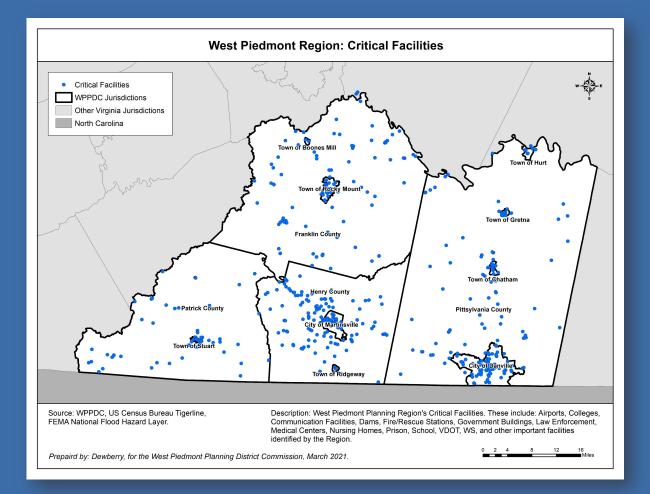
Community	Severe Storm & Flooding	Hurricane/ Tropical Storm	Severe Winter Storm/Ice Storm	Wildfire	Severe Storm & Wind (inc. Tornado)	Total
City of Danville	4	7	2	0	2	15
Franklin County	7	6	2	0	4	19
Henry County	5	5	2	0	3	15
City of Martinsville	2	6	2	0	2	12
Patrick County	5	4	3	1	3	16
Pittsylvania County	8	7	6	0	1	22

Major Disasters – Federal Declarations

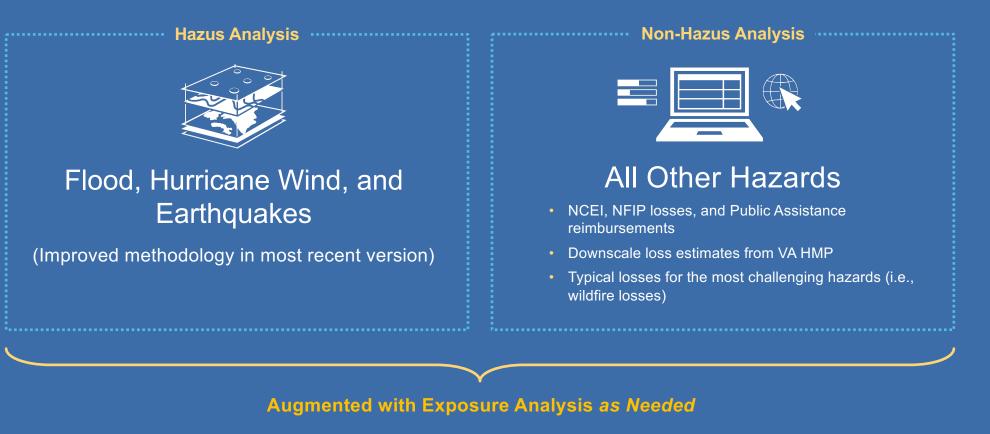
Critical Facilities

Changes reflected in the map:

- Stuart: Converted a building into a fire house that replaced older fire house
- Patrick: Food Lion building converted (fire dept/community college)
- **Danville**: New fire station replaced old one
- Henry: Added Meadow Elem. School and decommissioned John Redd Elem School; Collinsville Primary decommissioned



Loss Estimation Approaches

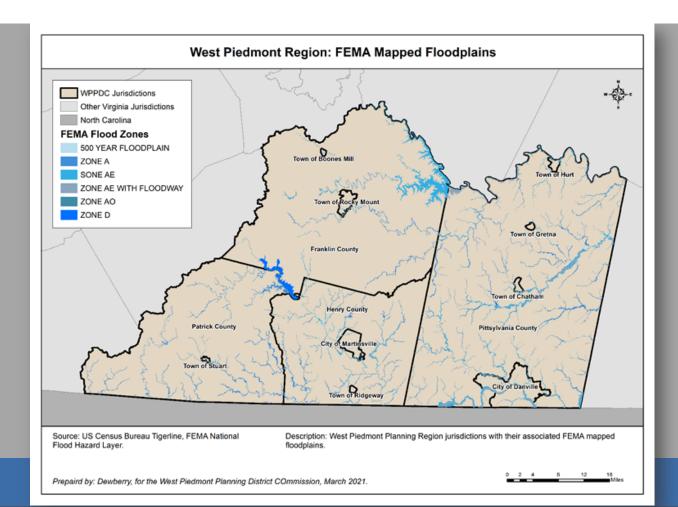


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Flooding

	Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking		
	Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20			
	Highly Likely Common events with annual probability >1	Critical 25 to 50% of people or property	Small 15 to 25% of community impacted	Limited 2 days	High	High (Top Priority)		
)	West Piedmont Hazard Mitigation Plan Update 2021 – MAC Workshop 04/20/21							





Mapped Floodplains

Exposure Analysis: Parcels



County	Total Parcels	100 YR Parcels Exposed	100 YR Exposed Parcel Percent	500 YR Parcels Exposed	500 YR Exposed Parcel Percent
City of Danville	25,648	1,057	4.1%	1,262	4.9%
Franklin County	43,959	7,305	16.6%	7,375	16.8%
Henry County	54,456	4,469	8.2%	5,036	9.2%
City of Martinsville	11,177	384	3.4%	738	6.6%
Patrick County	23,616	2,474	10.5%	2,497	10.6%
Pittsylvania County	61,284	6,001	9.8%	6,216	10.1%
WPPDC	220,140	21,690	9.9%	23,124	10.5%

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Exposure Analysis: Value



County	Total Value	100 YR Total Exposed Value (all parcels)	100 YR SFHA Exposed Value (weighted by %)	100 YR SFHA Exposed Value Percent	500 YR Total Exposed Value (all parcels)	500 YR SFHA Exposed Value (weighted by %)	500 YR SFHA Exposed Value Percent
City of Danville	\$2,820,000,000	\$409,000,000	\$108,000,000	3.8%	\$479,000,000	\$141,000,000	5.0%
Franklin County	\$8,130,000,000	\$3,120,000,000	\$412,000,000	5.1%	\$3,150,000,000	\$427,000,000	5.3%
Henry County	\$5,180,000,000	\$880,000,000	\$115,000,000	2.2%	\$962,000,000	\$136,000,000	2.6%
City of Martinsville	\$1,250,000,000	\$51,800,000	\$12,100,000	1.0%	\$91,700,000	\$20,500,000	1.6%
Patrick County	\$2,160,000,000	\$417,000,000	\$50,800,000	2.4%	\$418,000,000	\$51,400,000	2.4%
Pittsylvania County	\$6,590,000,000	\$918,000,000	\$115,000,000	1.7%	\$939,000,000	\$126,000,000	1.9%
WPPDC	\$26,130,000,000	\$5,795,800,000	\$812,900,000	3.1%	\$6,039,700,000	\$901,900,000	3.5%

Exposure Analysis: Acreage



County	Total Acreage	100 YR Total Exposed Acreage	100 YR SFHA Exposed Acreage	100 YR SFHA Exposed Acreage Percent	500 YR Total Exposed Acreage	500 YR SFHA Exposed Acreage	500 YR SFHA Exposed Acreage Percent
City of Danville	24,155	8,319	2,202	9.1%	8,686	2,551	10.6%
Franklin County	441,519	78,133	10,319	2.3%	78,595	10,652	2.4%
Henry County	236,269	89,625	11,688	4.9%	90,991	12,902	5.5%
City of Martinsville	6,375	1,171	273	4.3%	1,654	371	5.8%
Patrick County	310,587	97,610	11,900	3.8%	97,636	11,991	3.9%
Pittsylvania County	627,265	290,110	36,401	5.8%	293,098	39,316	6.3%
WPPDC	1,646,170	564,967	72,784	4.4%	570,660	77,783	4.7%

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Additional Flood Analysis





NFIP Statistics



Jurisdiction	Policies in Force	Repetitive Loss Properties	Severe Repetitive Loss Properties	Number of Claims	Net Payments
Danville	112	22	3	149	\$4,626,399
Patrick County	15	3	0	43	\$1,050438
Henry County	86	15	1	145	\$2,391,196
Martinsville	7	5	0	49	\$817,367
Franklin County	113	5	0	44	\$642,343
Pittsylvania County	30	2	1	37	\$687,516
Total	363	52	5	467	\$10,215260

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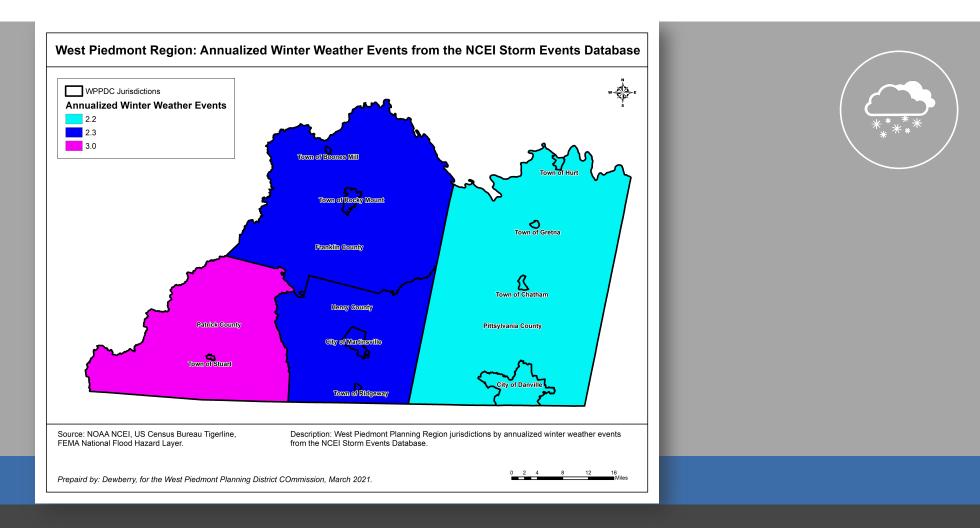


Winter Storm

Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking	
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	WF: 0.10	WF: 0.20		
Highly Likely Common events with annual probability >1	Critical 25 to 50% of people or property	Large > 50% of community impacted	Limited 2 days	High	High	
West Piedmont Hazard Mitigation Plan Update 2021 – MAC Workshop 04/20/21						

Wi	Winter Storm Events in NCEI Storm Events Database (1996 – February 2019)						
Jurisdiction	Annualized Property Damage	Annualized Crop Damage	Total Annualized Damages				
Franklin County	\$6,543	\$19,870	\$26,413				
Henry County	\$8,304	\$11,435	\$19,739				
Patrick County	\$2,652	\$15,870	\$18,522				
Pittsylvania County	\$36,739	\$13,000	\$49,739				
Total	\$54,239	\$60,174	\$114,413				

Annualized Damages



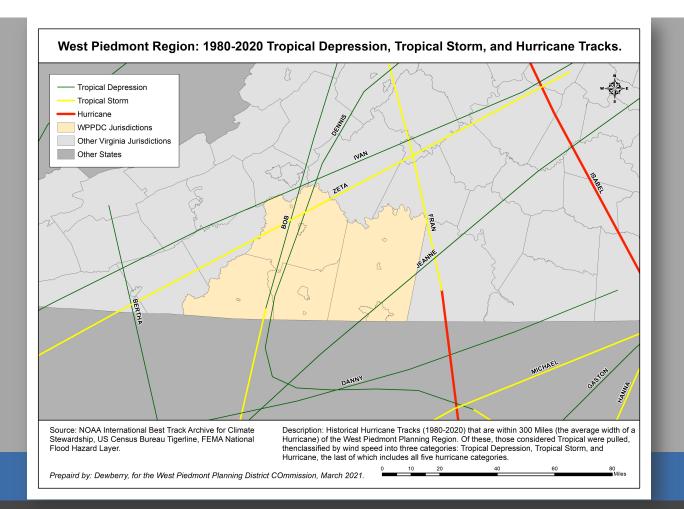
Annualized Events



Hurricane Wind

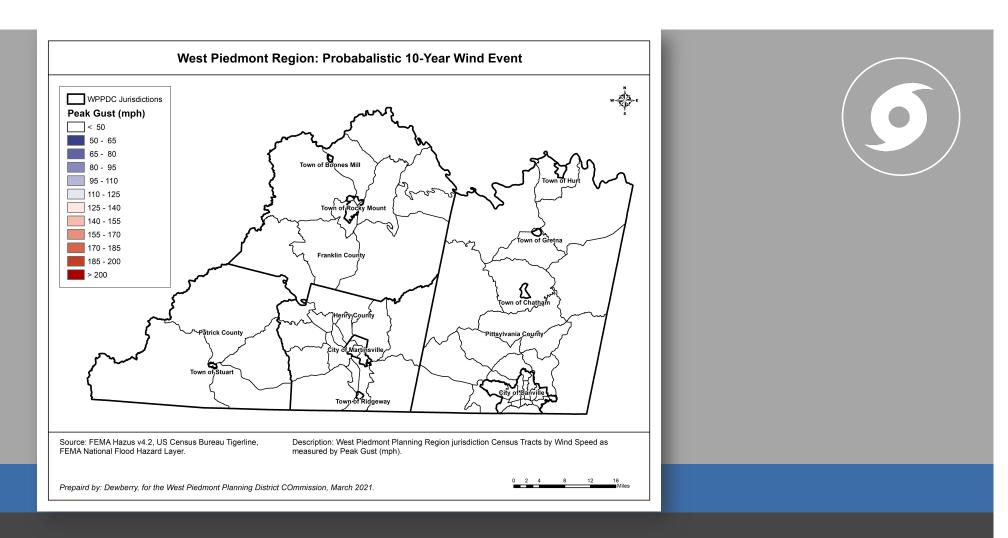
30

Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking	
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20		
Highly Likely Common events with annual probability >1	Limited 20 to 30% of people or property	Small 15 to 25% of community impacted	Minimal 1 day	Medium-High	Medium-High	
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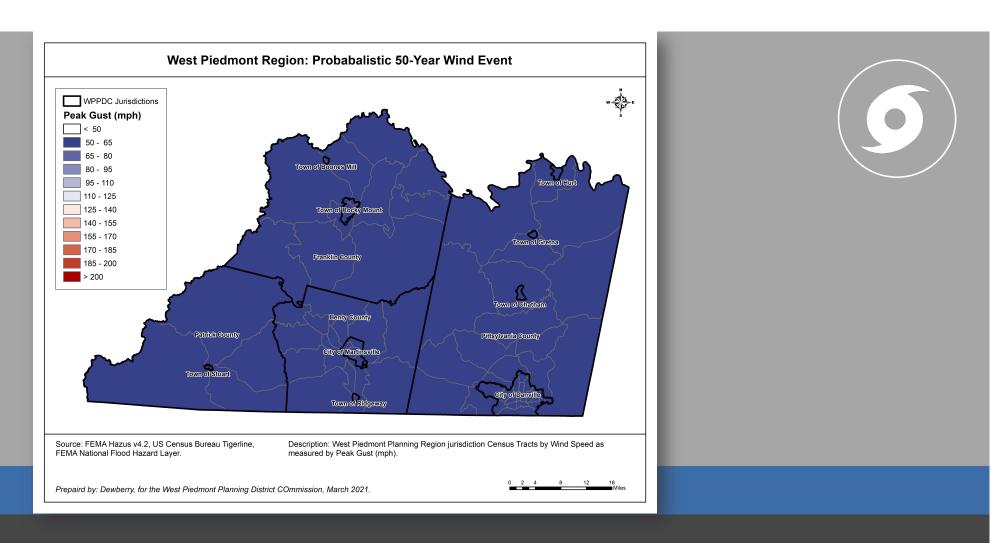




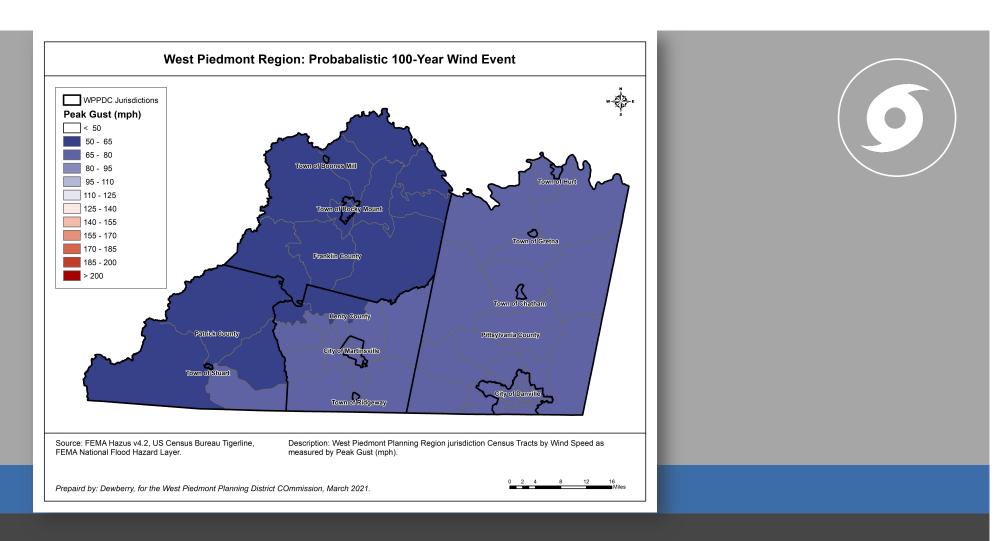
Historical Hurricane Tracks



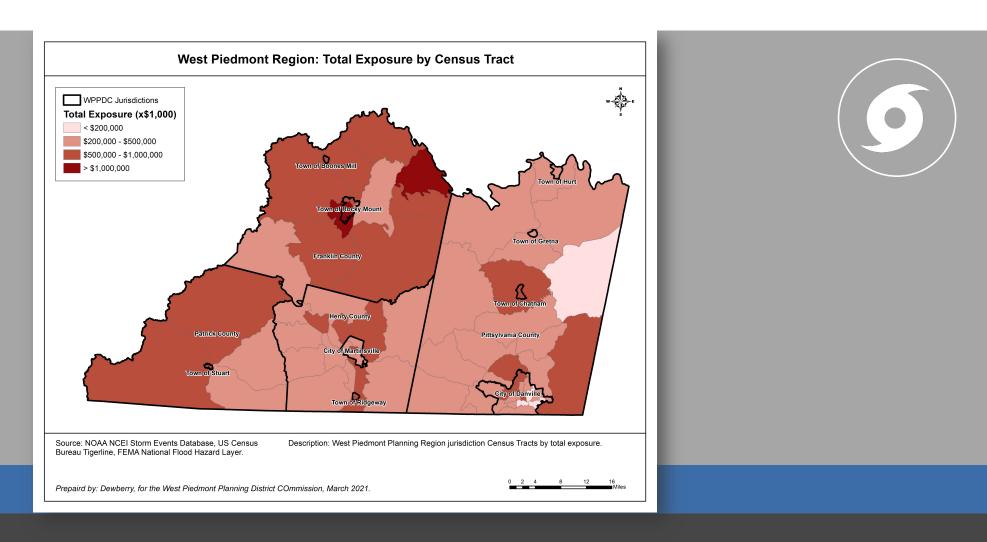
Probabilistic 10-Year Wind Event



Probabilistic 50-Year Wind Event



Probabilistic 100-Year Wind Event



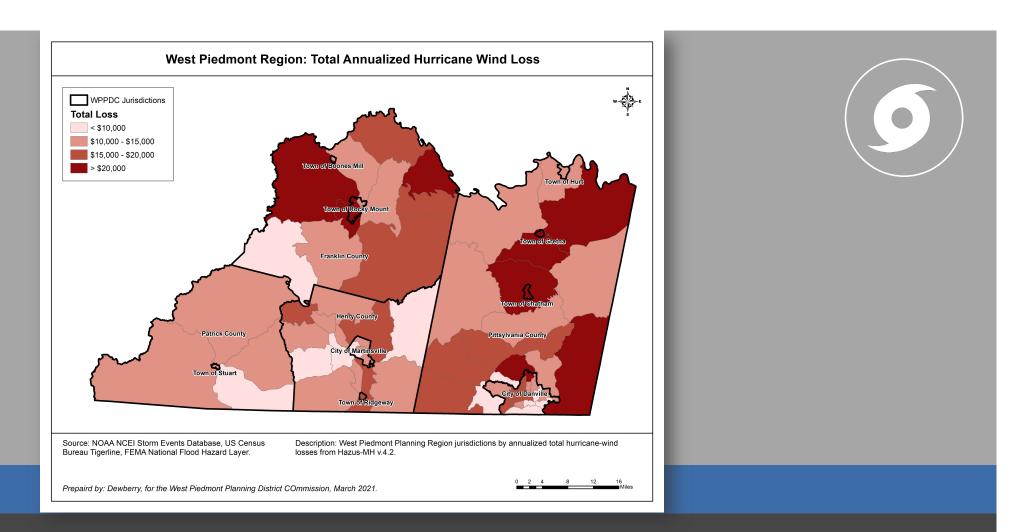
Total Exposure

Total Annualized Hurricane Wind Loss



Jurisdiction	Buildings	Contents	Inventory	Relocation	Income	Rental	Wages	Total Loss	Total Exposure
City of Danville	\$164,589	\$24,219	\$368	\$11,155	\$793	\$4,667	\$1,374	\$207,166	\$5,667,085
Franklin County	\$155,949	\$27,789	\$421	\$7,467	\$269	\$2,426	\$494	\$194,815	\$7,095,280
Town of Boones Mill	\$140	\$16	\$0	\$8	\$0	\$2	\$1	\$166	\$8,035
Town of Rocky Mount	\$5,651	\$1,080	\$108	\$351	\$41	\$143	\$72	\$7,446	\$331,698
Henry County	\$145,635	\$24,893	\$454	\$9,213	\$582	\$3,006	\$1,094	\$184,875	\$6,046,498
Town of Ridgeway	\$683	\$111	\$5	\$44	\$7	\$15	\$7	\$871	\$31,593
City of Martinsville	\$43,943	\$6,656	\$252	\$2,792	\$300	\$1,166	\$484	\$55,594	\$2,158,182
Patrick County	\$41,654	\$4,374	\$76	\$2,391	\$110	\$748	\$271	\$49,624	\$1,964,965
Town of Stuart	\$53	\$6	\$0	\$3	\$0	\$1	\$0	\$63	\$2,783
Pittsylvania County	\$205,571	\$45,841	\$246	\$11,095	\$380	\$3,240	\$1,125	\$267,498	\$6,102,244
Town of Chatham	\$617	\$254	\$1	\$29	\$2	\$9	\$6	\$918	\$18,642
Town of Gretna	\$393	\$153	\$1	\$17	\$0	\$5	\$1	\$570	\$10,099
Town of Hurt	\$761	\$69	\$0	\$44	\$2	\$13	\$2	\$892	\$31,073
Total	\$765,640	\$135,458	\$1,932	\$44,610	\$2,485	\$15,442	\$4,931	\$970,498	\$29,468,177

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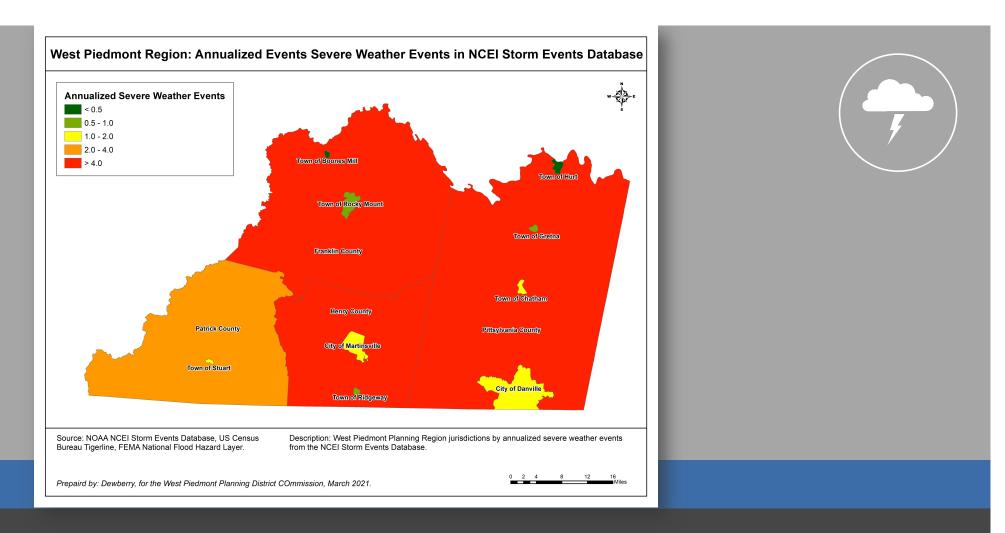
Annualized Total Loss



Severe Weather

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Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20	
Highly Likely Common events with annual probability >1	Limited 20 to 30% of people or property	Small 15 to 25% of community impacted	Minimal 1 day	Medium-High	Medium-High
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Annualized Severe Weather Events

Events in NCEI Database (1955-November 2020)



Jurisdiction	Hail	High Wind	Lightning	Strong Wind	Thunderstorm Wind	Total
City of Danville	18	17	2	6	72	115
City of Martinsville	19	14	3	9	43	88
Franklin County	147	39	10	8	296	500
Town of Boones Mill	12	0	2	0	16	30
Town of Rocky Mount	28	0	5	0	30	63
Henry County	104	14	15	9	226	368
Town of Ridgeway	15	0	0	0	36	51
Patrick County	90	39	2	6	118	255
Town of Stuart	30	0	1	0	41	72
Pittsylvania County	138	17	7	6	330	498
Town of Chatham	21	0	3	0	46	70
Town of Gretna	13	0	2	0	37	52
Town of Hurt	10	0	1	0	19	30
Total	645	140	53	44	1,310	2,192

Annualized Events from NCEI (1955 – November 2020)



Jurisdiction	Annualized Events	Annualized Property Damage	Annualized Crops Damage	Annualized Total Damage	Total Deaths	Total Injuries
City of Danville	1.8	\$32,126	\$615	\$32,742	0	1
City of Martinsville	1.4	\$44,597	\$308	\$44,905	0	4
Franklin County	7.7	\$56,089	\$462	\$56,551	1	0
Town of Boones Mill	0.5	\$2,266	\$0	\$2,266	0	0
Town of Rocky Mount	1.0	\$13,649	\$0	\$13,649	0	1
Henry County	5.7	\$82,928	\$9,538	\$92,466	1	3
Town of Ridgeway	0.8	\$2,932	\$0	\$2,932	0	0
Patrick County	3.9	\$17,137	\$15	\$17,152	0	1
Town of Stuart	1.1	\$4,694	\$0	\$4,694	0	0
Pittsylvania County	7.7	\$62,662	\$14,185	\$76,846	0	0
Town of Chatham	1.1	\$3,288	\$77	\$3,365	0	1
Town of Gretna	0.8	\$4,374	\$0	\$4,374	0	1
Town of Hurt	0.5	\$8,897	\$0	\$8,897	0	0
Total	33.0	\$335,639	\$25,200	\$360,839	2	12

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Tornado

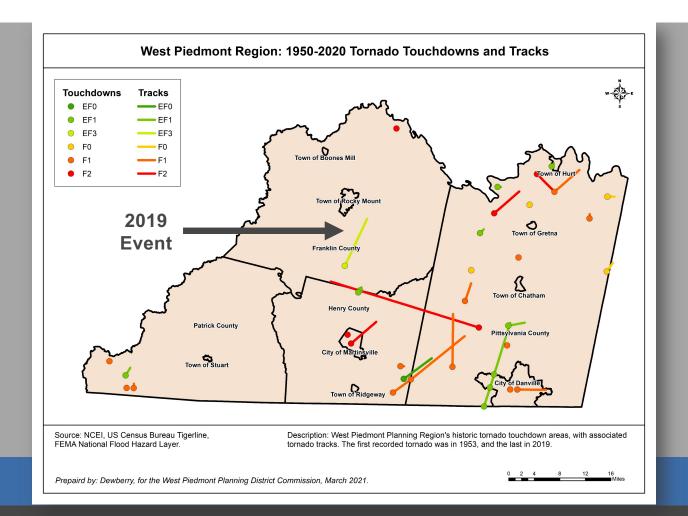
Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20	
Likely Frequent occurrence with at least three documented events and annual probability between 1 and 0.5	Negligible 1 to 10% of people or property	Small 15 to 25% of community impacted	No Notice < 24 hours	Medium	Medium
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Tornado Touchdowns

Contraction of the second seco

Tornado Statistics by Fujita Intensity Scale (1953-2019) West Piedmont Region Tornado Touchdowns

Jurisdiction	Unknown	F0	F1	F2	≥ F3	Total
City of Danville	1	0	2	0	0	3
City of Martinsville	0	0	0	1	0	1
Franklin County	1	1	1	1	1	5
Henry County	0	1	3	2	0	6
Patrick County	0	0	4	0	0	4
Pittsylvania County	1	5	14	2	0	22
Total	3	7	24	6	1	41





Tornado Touchdowns and Tracks

Probability and Annualized Loss

Tornado Events in NCEI Storm Events Database (2021)									
Jurisdiction	Number of events annually	Annualized Loss							
Franklin County	0.08	\$10,015							
Henry County	0.11	¢4,500,005							
City of Martinsville	0.11	\$1,583,205							
Patrick County	0.06	\$8,258							
Pittsylvania	0.33	\$53,489							
City of Danville	0.05	\$51,515							
Total	0.62	\$1,706,481							



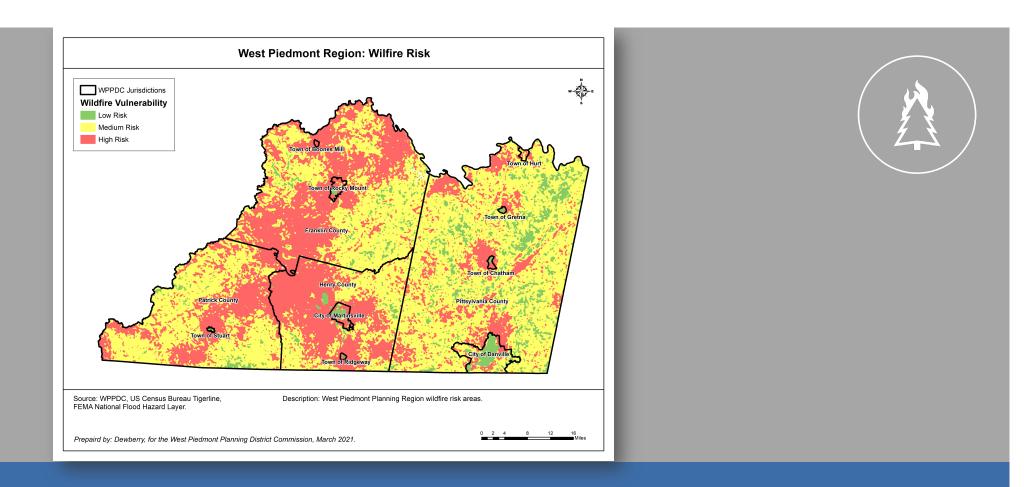
Wildfire

Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20	
Highly Likely Common events with annual probability >1	Negligible 1 to 10% of people or property	Small 15 to 25% of community impacted	No Notice < 24 hours	Medium	Medium
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Historical Wildfire Statistics

Number of Wildfires by Fire Year (2009 - 2015)										
Jurisdiction	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Sub-Total		
Franklin County	12	5	8	11	5	4	8	355		
Henry County	8	7	16	11	3	9	9	293		
Patrick County	6	6	6	7	4	7	5	175		
Pittsylvania County	8	17	20	16	12	7	21	460		
Total	34	35	50	45	24	27	43	1,283		
	Number of Wildfires by Fire Year (2016 - 2019)									
Jurisdiction	2016	2017	2018	2019				Total All Years		
Franklin County	7	11	11	2				386		
Henry County	7	5	6	3				314		
Patrick County	9	6	3	2				195		
Pittsylvania County	12	16	12	4				504		
Total	35	38	32	11				1,399		

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Exposure Analysis: Acreage



County	Total Acres	Low Risk Acres	Medium Risk Acres	High Risk Acres
City of Danville	24,200	8,660	9,830	5,600
Franklin County	442,000	14,200	211,000	216,000
Henry County	236,000	6,240	92,000	138,000
City of Martinsville	City of Martinsville 6,380		542	4,490
Patrick County	311,000	7,700	184,000	116,000
Pittsylvania County	627,000	75,800	438,000	112,000
WPPDC	1,650,000	115,000	935,000	591,000

Exposure Analysis: Value



County	Total Value	Low Risk Exposure	Medium Risk Exposure	High Risk Exposure
City of Danville	\$2,820,000,000	\$1,440,000,000	\$576,000,000	\$249,000,000
Franklin County	\$8,130,000,000	\$151,000,000	\$2,870,000,000	\$3,380,000,000
Henry County	\$5,180,000,000	\$220,000,000	\$1,270,000,000	\$2,590,000,000
City of Martinsville	\$1,250,000,000	\$225,000,000	\$129,000,000	\$618,000,000
Patrick County	\$2,160,000,000	\$44,300,000	\$1,090,000,000	\$622,000,000
Pittsylvania County	\$6,590,000,000	\$517,000,000	\$3,560,000,000	\$865,000,000
WPPDC	\$26,100,000,000	\$1,740,000,000	\$9,720,000,000	\$7,550,000,000

Historical Wildfire Damages

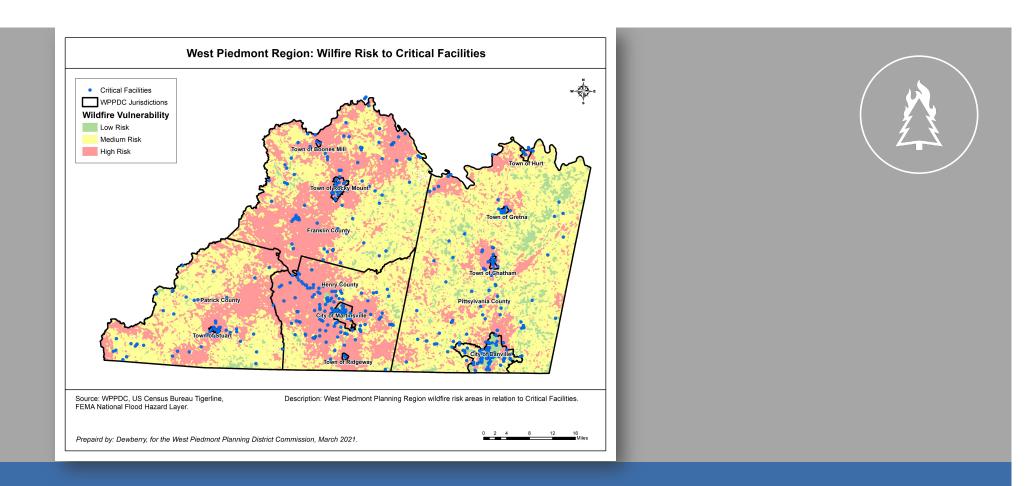


Fire Year		2007	2	2008	200	9 - 2013		Damages Total	
Jurisdiction	Total Acres	Total Damage	Total Acres	Total Damage	Total Acres	Total Damage	Acres Total	Damages Total	
Franklin County	249	\$150	38	\$0	30.4		1,190.3	\$281,006**	
Henry County	22.1	\$0	75.5	\$0	35.2		848.3	\$158,700**	
Patrick County	186	\$1,000	24.5	\$0	6.7	*Not Provided	4,385.9	\$3,875,255**	
Pittsylvania County	138	\$53,550	167.4	\$16,050	36.7		2,255.1	\$575,213**	
Total	595.1	\$54,700	305.4	\$16,050	510**		9,080.6	\$4,890,174**	

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Critical Facilities in Fire Risk Zones

Jurisdiction	Low Potential	Medium Potential	High Potential	Grand Total	% High Risk
City of Danville	46	19	8	73	11%
Franklin County	15	43	58	116	50%
Henry County	13	33	69	115	60%
City of Martinsville	15	1	11	27	41%
Patrick County	6	35	25	66	38%
Pittsylvania County	29	50	23	102	23%
Total	124	181	194	499	39%



Wildfire Risk to Critical Facilities

Annualized Events and Damage (VDOF) (1995 – 2013)



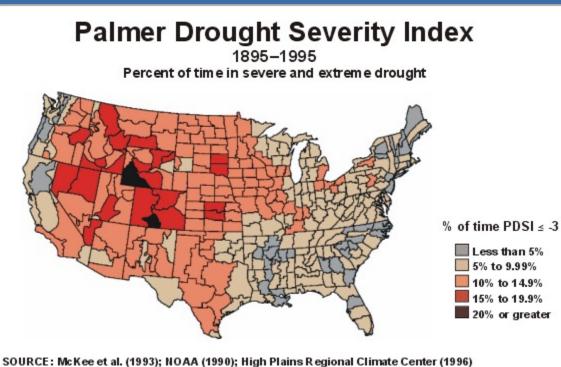
Jurisdiction	Annualized Property Damage (thru 2008)	Annualized Number of Events (thru 2013)
Franklin County	\$28,266	22.4
Henry County	\$15,147	17
Patrick County	\$305,330	10
Pittsylvania County	\$51,609	26.2
Total	\$400,352	79.9



Drought

Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking			
Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20				
Likely Frequent occurrence with at least three documented events and annual probability between 1 and 0.5	Extended More than 3 days	Medium-Low	Medium-Low					
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Drought Severity



Albers Equal Area Projection; Map prepared at the National Drought Mitigation Center

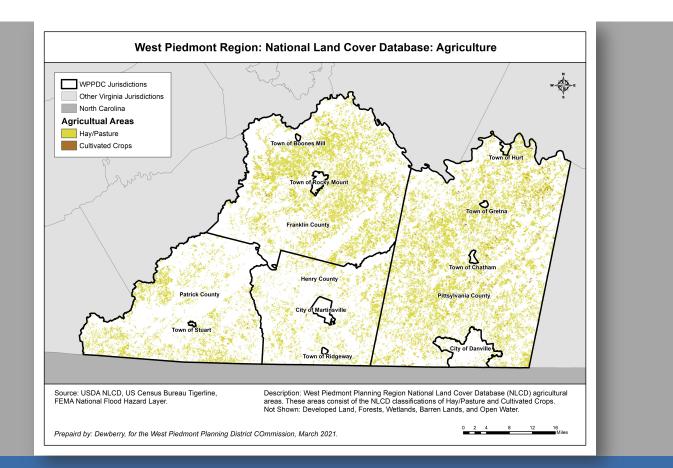
Annualized Drought Events



Drought Events in NCEI Storm Events Database ((1998 – 2019)

Jurisdiction	Number of drought events annually
Franklin County	0.619
Henry County	0.810
Patrick County	0.810
Pittsylvania County	0.810

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Agricultural Land Use

Crop	Losses
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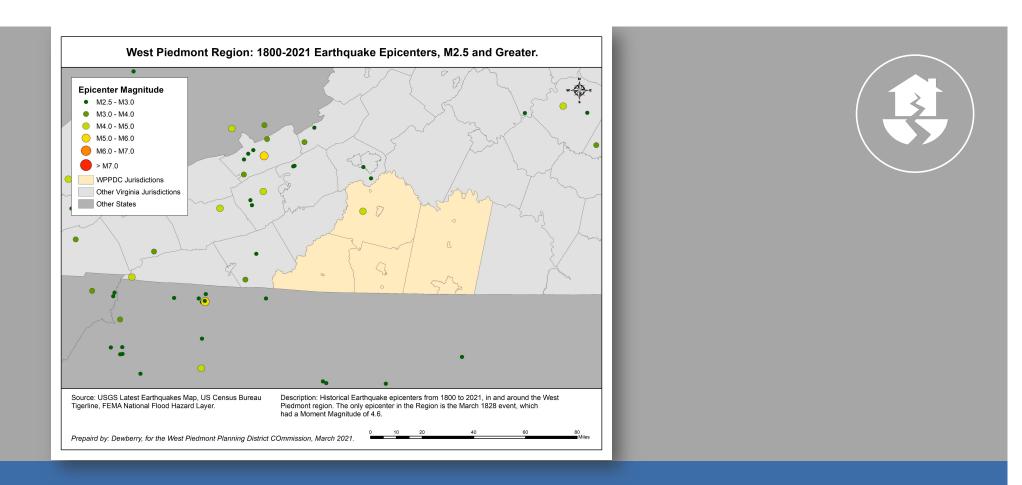
Jurisdiction	Total Crop Damage Over 21-year Period (1998-2019)	Total Annualized Crop Damage
Franklin County	\$10,425,000	\$496,429
Henry County	\$10,320,000	\$491,429
Patrick County	\$10,320,000	\$491,429
Pittsylvania County	\$7,660,000	\$364, 762
Total	\$38,725,000	\$1,844,048



Earthquake

	Probability / History Vulnerability		Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking	
	Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20		
	UnlikelyLimitedSmallNo documented occurrence with annual probability <0.0120 to 30% of people or property15 to 25% of community impacted				Medium-Low	Medium-Low	
0 West Piedmont Hazard Mitigation Plan Update 2021 – MAC Workshop 04/20/21 Ø Dew							

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Earthquake Epicenters

Total Annualized Earthquake Loss (from Hazus-MH v4.2)									
Jurisdiction	Buildings	Contonto	Inventory	Poloostion	Income	Rental	Wagaa	Total Loss	Total Exposure
City of Danville	\$31,575	Contents \$6,105	Inventory \$217	Relocation \$7,177	\$2,144	\$3,347	Wages \$3,375	\$53,940	\$5,667,085
Franklin County	\$57,924	\$12,470	\$633	\$11,080	\$1,763	\$4,009	\$2,459	\$90,339	\$7,435,013
Town of Boones Mill	\$61	\$13	\$1	\$12	\$2	\$4	\$3	\$95	\$7,816
Town of Rocky Mount	\$558	\$120	\$6	\$107	\$17	\$39	\$24	\$871	\$71,646
Henry County	\$54,037	\$12,235	\$582	\$11,940	\$2,560	\$4,388	\$3,401	\$89,143	\$6,078,091
Town of Ridgeway	\$131	\$30	\$1	\$29	\$6	\$11	\$8	\$216	\$14,736
City of Martinsville	\$28,811	\$7,650	\$401	\$6,518	\$2,875	\$3,079	\$4,557	\$53,892	\$2,158,182
Patrick County	\$18,547	\$3,906	\$134	\$4,116	\$832	\$1,429	\$1,102	\$30,066	\$1,967,748
Town of Stuart	\$28	\$6	\$0	\$6	\$1	\$2	\$2	\$46	\$3,020
Pittsylvania County	\$43,768	\$7,675	\$200	\$10,035	\$1,597	\$3,026	\$2,155	\$68,455	\$6,162,058
Town of Chatham	\$91	\$16	\$0	\$21	\$3	\$6	\$4	\$143	\$12,859
Town of Gretna	\$50	\$9	\$0	\$12	\$2	\$3	\$2	\$79	\$7,092
Town of Hurt	\$117	\$20	\$1	\$27	\$4	\$8	\$6	\$183	\$16,435
Total	\$234,663	\$50,041	\$2,168	\$50,864	\$11,773	\$19,277	\$17,047	\$385,835	\$29,468,177

Annualized Loss

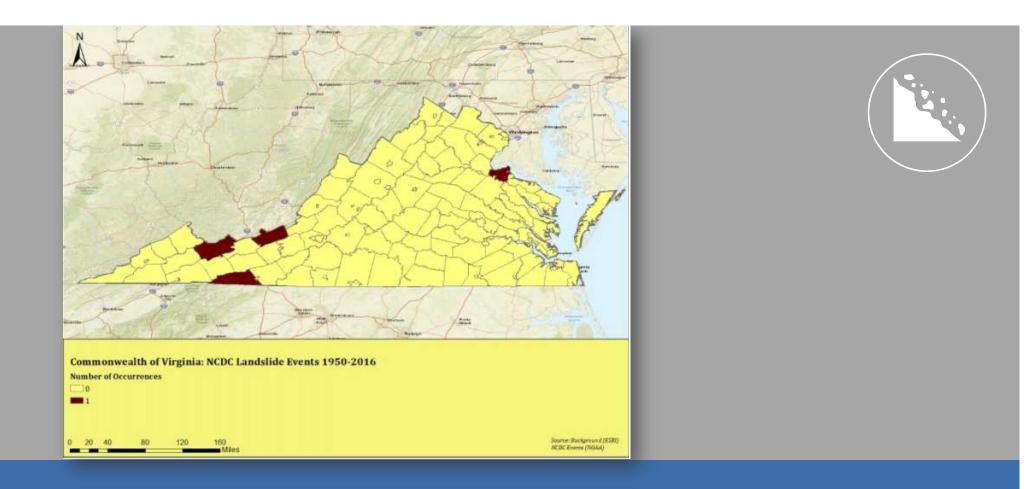


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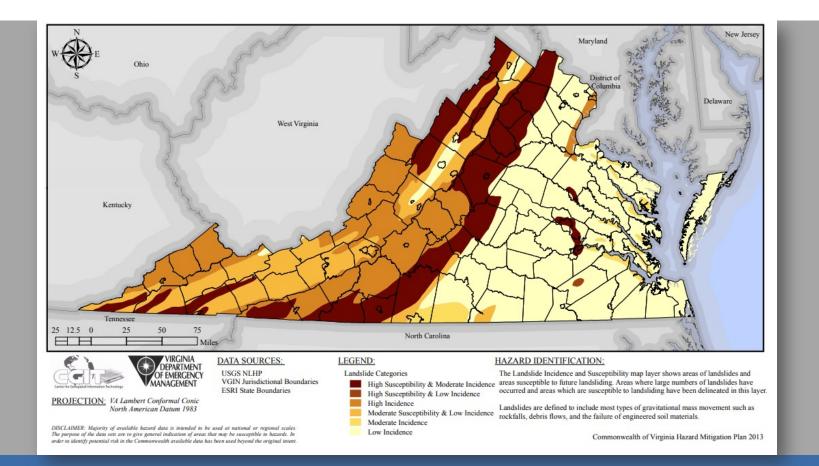


Landslide

	Probability / History	Vulnerability	Maximum Threat (Geographic Area Affected)	Warning Time	2016 Ranking	2021 Ranking	
	Weighting Factor: 0.35	Weighting Factor: 0.25	Weighting Factor: 0.10	0.10	0.20		
	UnlikelyLimitedSmallNo NoticeNo documented occurrence with annual probability <0.0120 to 30% of people or property15 to 25% of community impacted24 hours					Low	
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NCEI Significant Landslide Events



Landside Incidence and Susceptibility

Risk Analysis: Next Steps

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Hazus Analysis

- Riverine flooding
- 10, 25, 50, 100 and 500-year events
- Annualized run
- Buildings (by type), contents, inventory, relocation, income, rental and wage losses
- Debris



Pluvial Flooding

- Story Map anecdotal
- Topographic based only
- Topographic with 10, or 20-year depth grids
- Approximate Ras 2D Stormwater models

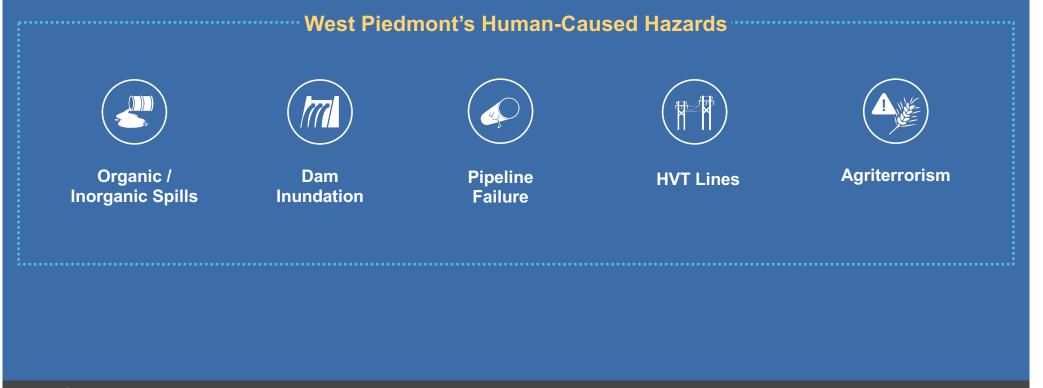


Dam Inundation



- Beaver Creek Reservoir Dam Martinsville
- Other inundation/breach layers available in GIS?
- Exposure analysis only

Human-Caused Hazards – Resource Discussion







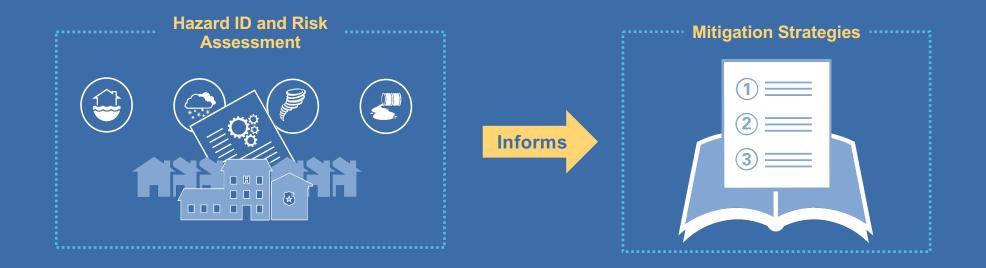


Mitigation Goals, Objectives & **Strategies**

Purpose: Reduce societal, economic, and environmental exposure to hazard impacts

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HIRA → Mitigation Strategies



Definitions



Goal: general guidelines that describes what planning region would like to achieve



Objective: specific and measurable actions that must be implemented to achieve the identified goals

Strategy: methods and capabilities to achieve an objective with identified responsible parties, timeframes, and potential funding sources



Goal Development

2016 Goals

Goal 1: To protect persons and property, and reduce future damage and losses to the community

Goal 2: Implement activities that assist in protecting lives by making homes, businesses, infrastructure, critical facilities, and other property more resistant to natural hazards.

Goal 3: Protect new and existing public and private infrastructure and facilities from the effects of hazards.

Goal 4: Ensure continued functionality of critical services

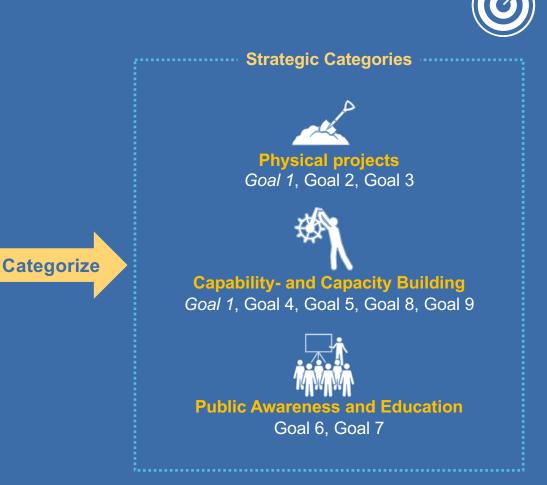
Goal 5: Enhance the capabilities and capacity of local government to lessen the impacts of future disasters

Goal 6: Develop and implement education and outreach programs to increase public awareness of the risks associated with natural hazards.

Goal 7: Promote hazard mitigation as a public value in recognition of its importance to the health, safety, and welfare of the population.

Goal 8: Increase use of existing and new technology to enhance disaster mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery

Goal 9: Promote regional approaches to emergency management



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Goal 1: Physical Projects





Reduce future damages, losses, and risks to the community by protecting new and existing built infrastructure (homes, businesses, utility infrastructure, critical facilities, and other property) from the effects of hazards.

Goal 2: Capability- and Capacity-Building





Ensure local ability to mitigate, prepare for, respond to, and recover from hazard impacts by enhancing the capabilities and capacities of local governments through regional partnership; the efficient use of new and existing technology; and the implementation of hazard mitigation policies, regulation and planning.

Future Development

Goal 3: Public Awareness and Education





Implement education and outreach programs and campaigns to increase public awareness of hazard risks; promote hazard mitigation's importance to health, safety, and welfare; and enhance public engagement.

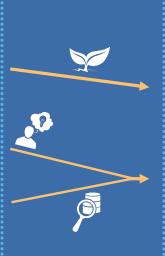
Objective Development



····· 2016 Goal 5 + Objectives ···

Goal 5: Enhance the capabilities and capacity of local government to lessen the impacts of future disasters

- Objective 5.1. Enhance or develop plans that improve the community's ability to respond to and recover from disaster.
- Objective 5.2. Address training and staffing needs.
- Objective 5.3. Improve data used for emergency management purposes.



2021 Goal 2 + Objectives

Goal: Ensure local ability to mitigate, prepare for, respond to, and recover from hazard impacts by enhancing the capabilities and capacities of local governments through regional partnership; the efficient use of new and existing technology; and the implementation of hazard mitigation policies and planning.

- Objective 1: Integrate hazard mitigation principles into new and existing government planning and actions to increase the resilience of public infrastructure and services.
- Objective 2: Utilize mapping, drones, trainings, data, and other technological tools to improve the capability and capacity of local governments before, during, and after a hazard occurrence.

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Goal 1 Objectives

Reduce future damages, losses, and risks to the community by protecting new and existing built infrastructure (homes, businesses, utility infrastructure, critical facilities, and other property) from the effects of hazards.

Objective 1



Implement cost-effective, physical hazard mitigation projects at the regional and local level to reduce the exposure and vulnerability of people and property.

Goal 2 Objectives



Ensure local ability to mitigate, prepare for, respond to, and recover from hazard impacts by enhancing the capabilities and capacities of local governments through regional partnership; the efficient use of new and existing technology; and the implementation of hazard mitigation policies, regulation and planning.

Objective 1



Integrate hazard mitigation principles into new and existing government planning, policy, regulation and actions to increase the resilience of public infrastructure and services and protect future development.

Objective 2



Utilize mapping, drones, trainings, data, and other technological tools to improve the capability and capacity of local governments before, during, and after a hazard occurrence.

Goal 3 Objectives



Implement education and outreach programs and campaigns to increase public awareness of hazard risks; promote hazard mitigation's importance to health, safety, and welfare; and enhance public engagement.

Objective 1



Develop programs that help the **public carry out actionable activities** they can implement in the near- and long-term to mitigate and prepare for hazards.

Objective 2



Implement education and awareness campaigns through social media and partnerships with local media and businesses that educate the public on what risks hazards pose to them and how they (and their community) can increase resiliency better respond to those hazards.

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Mitigation Strategies

2016 Mitigation Strategy Disposition

Mitigation Strategy	2021 Status	Comments					
City of Danville							
Strategy 2.1.1. Investigate providing technical assistance for property owners to implement mitigation measures (i.e., strengthening building frame connections; elevating appliances, constructing a wind shelter).	In Progress – Keep with modifications Dewberry recommends removing	Add metrics to track progress and move past "investigating" to providing technical assistance					
Strategy 5.1.4. In the next update of hazard mitigation plan, include more detailed vulnerability assessments for manmade hazards based on FEMA and VDEM guidance.	In Progress – Keep / Complete?	DISCUSSION ITEM FOR MEETING #2					
Strategy 5.2.1. Identify training opportunities for staff to enhance their ability to use GIS for emergency management needs.	Complete – Keep with modifications	IT and engineering departments have most of the capabilities. Danville is looking to increase the GIS capabilities of other departments, such as those that work on damage assessments.					
		Training opportunities have been identified, so will modify to providing training.					
Strategy 5.2.2. Provide training opportunities to local zoning and building code enforcement staff. Educate them re: damage assessment, mitigation techniques, and other related topics.	In Progress – Keep with modifications						
Strategy 5.3.3. Coordinate with the state to update and digitize community Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).	In Progress – Keep	The FIRM update process is in the discovery phase as of March 2021.					
Strategy 6.2.1. Distribute information packets to raise awareness regarding the risks present in the West Piedmont region and provide disaster preparedness information.	In Progress – Keep with modifications	Social media outreach, cable television channel advertisements, and informational pages on the city's website may be substituted for physical "information packets."					

2021 Mitigation Strategies & Recommendations

Modifications were made to the 2016 strategy for the 2021 plan update New recommended strategy for 2021 plan update

- Added by jurisdictions during 2019 status update 2016 strategy that will be removed for 2021 plan up
- C Strategy completed and can be removed for jurisdiction Y Include this strategy for jurisdiction N Do not include this strategy for jurisdiction

	•	Do not inclu
odate		

2016 ID	Mitigation Strategy	Danville	Frank lin	Henry	Martins ville	Patrick	Pittsy Ivania	Boones Mill	Chatham	Gretna	Hurt	Ridge way	Stuart
1.1.1	Increase flood warning capabilities, particularly as they relate to dam failure.				Y								
1.1.1 6.1.7	Increase flood warning capabilities, particularly as they relate to dam failure. Improve signage and warning systems near dams.		Y			с							
1.1.2	Investigate, develop, or enhance Reverse 911 system or other public notification system. Investigate possible funding sources.				с					Y	с		
1.1.3	Establish flood level markers along bridges and other structures to indicate the rise of water levels along creeks and rivers in potential flood-prone areasWork with VDOT and other jurisdictions as needed.							Y			Y		
1.1.4	Investigate public warning systems for hazard occurrences.											Y	
1.1.5	Extend and improve the tornado siren warning system.				с								
1.2.1	Investigate need for regional stormwater management plan.												

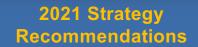
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- C Strategy completed and can be removed for jurisdiction

Y Include this strategy for jurisdiction

N Do not include this strategy for jurisdiction

2016 Strategy **Disposition**



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Mitigation Strategies

2016 Mitigation Strategy Disposition

Mitigation Strategy	2021 Status	Comments				
City of Danville						
Strategy 2.1.1. Investigate providing technical assistance for property owners to implement mitigation measures (i.e., strengthening building frame connections; elevating appliances, constructing a wind shelter).	In Progress – Keep with modifications Dewberry recommends removing	Add metrics to track progress and move past "investigating" to providing technical assistance				
Strategy 5.1.4. In the next update of hazard mitigation plan, include more detailed vulnerability assessments for manmade hazards based on FEMA and VDEM guidance.	In Progress – Keep / Complete?	DISCUSSION ITEM FOR MEETING #2				
Strategy 5.2.1. Identify training opportunities for staff to enhance their ability to use GIS for emergency management needs.	Complete – Keep with modifications	IT and engineering departments have most of the capabilities. Darwille is looking to increase the GIS capabilities of other departments, such as those that work on damage assessments.				
		Training opportunities have been identified, so will modify to providing training.				
Strategy 5.2.2. Provide training opportunities to local zoning and building code enforcement staff. Educate them re: damage assessment, mitigation techniques, and other related topics.	In Progress – Keep with modifications					
Strategy 5.3.3. Coordinate with the state to update and digitize community Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).	In Progress – Keep	The FIRM update process is in the discovery phase as of March 2021.				
Strategy 6.2.1. Distribute information packets to raise awareness regarding the risks present in the West Piedmont region and provide disaster preparedness information.	In Progress – Keep with modifications	Social media outreach, cable television channel advertisements, and informational pages on the city's website may be substituted for physical "information packets."				

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2016 Strategy Summary

Strategies Completed	51
Strategies In Progress	102
Strategies Not Started	59
Removing for 2021 HM Plan	53
Keeping for 2021 HM Plan	159
Keeping with Modifications for 2021 HM Plan	89
Total Strategies Undertaken	212

2016 Strategy Disposition

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New Strategy Discussion

- Initial feedback / input gathering
- Dewberry will make revisions after the workshop, then send it out for your review.
- We will follow up during the next workshop.

2021 Mitigation Strategies & Recommendations

- * Modifications were made to the 2016 strategy for the 2021 plan update New recommended strategy for 2021 plan update Added by jurisdictions during 2019 status update
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- C Strategy completed and can be removed for jurisdiction Y Include this strategy for jurisdiction
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1.1.1 6.1.7	Increase flood warning capabilities, particularly as they relate to dam failure. Improve signage and warning systems near dams.		Y			с							
1.1.2	Investigate, develop, or enhance Reverse 911 system or other public notification system. Investigate possible funding sources.				с					Y	с		
1.1.3	Establish flood level markers along bridges and other structures to indicate the rise of water levels along creeks and rivers in potential flood-prone areas,_Work with VDOT and other jurisdictions as needed.							Y			Y		
1.1.4	Investigate public warning systems for hazard occurrences.											Y	
1.1.5	Extend and improve the tornado siren warning system.				с								
1.2.1	Investigate need for regional stormwater management plan.												

Modifications were made to the 2016 strategy for the 2021 plan update New recommended strategy for 2021 plan update Added by jurisdictions during 2019 status update 2016 strategy that will be removed for 2021 plan update

- C Strategy completed and can be removed for jurisdiction
- Y Include this strategy for jurisdiction N Do not include this strategy for jurisdiction
- 2021 Strategy Recommendations

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Next Steps

- MAC to review a draft 2016 mitigation strategy disposition table April 2021
- Public Engagement Meeting 5 / 4 / 2021
- MAC to review mitigation goals and objectives April 2021
- Dewberry to deliver draft HIRA for review May 2021
- Public Outreach (Online Survey) May 2021
- Public Outreach (Story Map) May 2021
- Dewberry will deliver draft mitigation strategies for jurisdictions to comment on and choose from – May 2021
- Draft complete hazard mitigation plan June 2021
- Stakeholder engagement May June 2021

Questions?



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